### 云南似原吸鳅属鱼类一新种记述 (鲤形目, 平鳍鳅科)

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摘要 2003年6月2日作者于云南省沾益县德泽乡牛栏江(属金沙江水系)采集到似原吸鳅属鱼类7尾标本,经鉴定为1新种。新种鳃孔窄,可与同属中鳃孔较宽的似原吸鳅Paraprotomyzon multifasciatus和龙口似原吸鳅P. lungkowensis明显区分,而与鳃孔窄的巴马似原吸鳅P. bamaensis和云南似原吸鳅P. yunnanensis相似。新种与巴马似原吸鳅P. bamaensis相比,两者在下列特征上可明显区分:1)新种下唇无向后伸展的唇片,后者具唇片;2)新种吻褶两侧后角之后具侧沟,后具无侧沟;3)新种腹鳍为i-15~17,后者为i-12~13。与云南似原吸鳅P. yunnanensis相比,两者的鉴别特征如下:1)新种吻褶后侧具侧沟,后者吻褶后侧无侧沟;2)新种胸鳍为i-19~22,而后者为i-26;3)新种腹鳍为i-15~17,后者为i-20。

关键词 鲤形目,平鳍鳅科,似原吸鳅属,新种. 中图分类号 Q959.468

在进行曲靖市鱼类资源调查工作中,采集到一批平鳍鳅科 Homalopteridae 鱼类标本,经鉴定为一新种,描记于后。

牛栏江似原吸鳅,新种 Paraprotomyzon niulanjiangensis sp. nov. (图 1)

正模:编号200306005,标准长35.5 mm;2003年6月2日采于云南省沾益县德泽乡牛栏江(属金

沙江水系),保藏于云南省曲靖市水产站鱼类标本室。

副模: 6 尾, 采集时间、地点同正模。编号 200306006 (标准长 41 mm) 和 200306009 (标准长 37.5 mm) 的两尾标本藏于云南省曲靖市水产站鱼 类标本室;编号 200306007 (标准长 39.5 mm) 和 200306008 (标准长 39 mm) 的两尾标本藏于中国科学院动物研究所:编号 200306010 (标准长 37 mm)

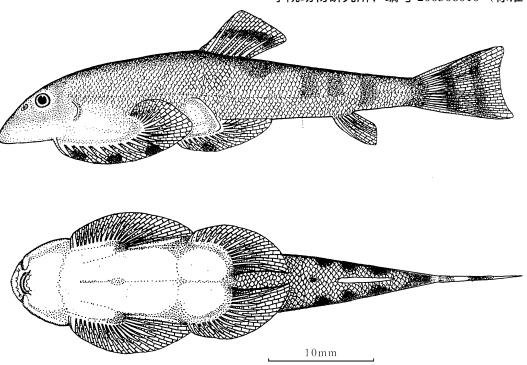


图 1 牛栏江似原吸鳅,新种 Paraprotomyzon niulanjiangensis sp. nov.

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和 200306011 (标准长 39 mm) 的两尾标本保存于云南省石林县黑龙潭水库。

新种全长 44~52 mm; 标准长 35.5~41.0 mm。 背鳍 iii-8; 臀鳍 ii-5; 胸鳍 i-19~22; 腹鳍 i-15~16。 侧线鳞 86~93。

体长为体高的 (6.1~6.5) 6.3 倍,为体宽的 (4.7~4.9) 4.7 倍,为头长的 (4.7~4.9) 4.8 倍,为尾柄长的 (6.5~6.8) 6.7 倍,为尾柄高的 (13.7~15.0) 14.2 倍,为背鳍前距的 (1.9~2.0) 1.9 倍,为腹鳍前距的 (2.3~2.5) 2.4 倍。头长为头高的 (1.6~2.0) 1.8,为头宽的 (1.0~1.1) 1.0 倍,为吻长的 (1.9~2.1) 2.0 倍,为眼径的 (5.3~6.0) 5.7 倍,为眼间距的 (2.1~2.2) 2.1 倍。尾柄长为尾柄高的 (2.0~2.5) 2.2 倍。头宽为口宽的 (3.1~4.2) 3.8 倍。

体形小,前躯平扁,头、背部隆起,腹面平,背鳍起点以后圆形渐侧扁。背视吻端稍圆。吻褶发达,分为3叶,叶间具2对吻须,外侧吻须较内侧吻须稍长;外吻须后有一明显向外的深凹沟与头侧相通。口小。下位,呈弧形。唇肉质,上、下鸡,中脊前后两侧具细小乳突;或上唇中脊,中脊光滑,中脊前后两侧具细小乳突;可或上唇中脊乳突,正唇分化为4个较大的乳突,呈平行或向前突的弧形排列。口角须2对;内侧1对约与外侧吻须等大可见。鳃孔窄小,仅限于头背侧,约与眼径等宽。头背部、侧鳍基背部及腹鳍基之前的腹面无鳞,身体的其它部位被细鳞。侧线完全,侧线自鳃裂上角向后沿体侧平直延伸到尾鳍基部。

背鳍起点在吻端至尾鳍基的中点或稍后。臀鳍 后缘远不达尾鳍基。偶鳍平展。胸鳍起点在眼后缘 下方,外缘弧形,末端远盖过腹鳍起点。腹鳍起点远在背鳍起点之前,基部背面具发达的皮质瓣膜,外缘圆形;左右腹鳍分开不相连,最后3根分枝鳍条与鳍膜向外折叠贴于体表;腹鳍后伸不过肛门。肛门位于腹鳍起点至臀鳍起点的后1/5处。尾鳍发达,后缘略内凹。

标本体色,福尔马林固定标本体背侧茶褐色,腹面灰白或全体灰白色。胸、腹鳍外缘有时会有小圆斑;背鳍近外缘具1列条纹;尾鳍多具1列条纹,少数可见到两列。背鳍起点后的背部具3~4个鞍形宽横斑,体侧具虫纹斑。

新种口前具吻沟和吻褶;口角须2对;口下位,下唇前缘具乳突;鳃孔较窄,仅限于头部背面;腹鳍基部具发达的皮质鳍瓣,腹鳍左右分开,不连成吸盘等。上述特征与似原吸鳅属 Paraprotomyzom Pellegrin et Fang(1935)一致。但新种鳃孔很窄,可与同属中已知的似原吸鳅 P. multifasciatus Pellegrin et Fang 和龙口似原吸鳅 P. lungkowensis Xie, Yang et Gong 明显区分,而与巴马似原吸鳅 P. bamaensis Tang 和云南似原吸鳅 P. yunnanensis Li, Lu et Mao 相似,但新种可通过下列比较与后两者相区别。

新种与巴马似原吸鳅 P. bamaensis 区别: 1) 新种下唇无向后伸展的唇片,后者具唇片; 2) 新种吻褶后具侧沟,而后者吻褶后无侧沟; 3) 新种腹鳍为 i-15~17,而后者为 i-12~13。

新种与云南似原吸鳅 P. yunnanensis 区别: 1) 新种吻褶后侧具侧沟,后者吻褶后侧无侧沟; 2) 新种胸鳍为i-19~22,后者为i-26; 3) 新种腹鳍为i-15~17、后者为i-20。

新种与巴马似原吸鳅 P. bamaensis 和云南似原 吸鳅 P. yunnanensis 的特征比较见表 1。

表 1 3 种相近似原吸鳅性状比较

Table 1. Comparison of characteristics of P. niulanjiangensis sp. nov. with P. bamaensis and P. yunnanensis.

种名	巴马似原吸鳅	云南似原吸鳅	牛栏江似原吸鳅,新种
Species	P. bamaensis	P. yunnanensis	P. niulanjiangensis sp. nov.
标本数 No. of specimens	15	1	7
采集地 Locality of collection	广西巴马(Bama,	云南罗平(Luoping,	云南沾益 Zhanyi ,Yunnan
	Guangxi)	Yunnan)	
侧线鳞 Lateral line scales	63 ~ 73	87	86 ~ 93
背鳍 Dorsal fin ray	iii-8	iii-8	iii-8
臀鳍 Anal fin ray	ii-5	ii-5	ii-5
胸鳍 Pectoral fin ray	i-19 ~ 20	i-26	i-19 ~ 22
腹鳍 Ventral fin ray	i-12 ~ 13	i-20	i-15 ~ 17
体长/体高Body depth in body length	4.8 ~ 5.8	4.0	6. 1 ~ 6. 5
体长/体高Body width in body length	4.0 ~ 5.8	3.7	4.7~4.9
体长/尾柄长 Length of caudle peduncle in body length	10.0 ~ 13.2	7.0	6.5 ~ 6.8

续表	1

种名	巴马似原吸鳅	云南似原吸鳅	牛栏江似原吸鳅,新种
Species	P. bamaensis	P. yunnanensis	P. niulanjiangensis sp. nov.
体长/尾柄高 Depth of caudle peduncle in body length	8.5~10.2	11.2	13.7 ~ 15
尾柄长/ 尾柄高 Depth of caudal peduncle in its length	0.8~1.0	1.6	2.0~2.5
鳃孔 Gill-opening	窄 Narrow	窄 Narrow	窄 Narrow
唇片 Lip lamina	有 Having	无 Nothing	无 Nothing
测沟 Lateral grooves	无 Nothing	无 Nothing	有 Having

注:对比材料分别依乐佩琦、唐文乔、李维贤等.

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## A NEW SPECIES OF PARAPROTOMZON FROM YUNNAN, CHINA (CYPRINIFORMES, HOMALOPTERIDAE)

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#### Abstract

Paraprotomyzon niulanjiangensis sp. nov. (Fig. 1)

Holotype: No. 200306005, 35.5 mm SL, collected form Niulanjiang (25°59 N, 103°36 E), Zhanyi County, Yunnan, 2 June 2003, deposited in the Fisheries Administration of Qujing, Yunnan.

Paratypes: Nos. 200306006 (41 mm SL) and 200306009 (37.5 mm SL), deposited in the Fisheries Administration of Qujing, Yunnan; paratypes: Nos. 200306007 (39.5 mm SL) and 200306008 (39 mm SL), deposited in the Institute of Zoology, Chinese Academy of Sciences; paratypes: 200306010 (37 mm SL) and 200306011 (39 mm SL), deposited in the Heilongtan Reservoir Administration, Shilin County, Yunnan. All paratypes have the same locality and same time as the holotype.

D. iii-7; A. ii-5; P. i-19-22; V. i-15-17. Lateral scales 86-93.

Depth of body in standard body length 6.1-6.5 (6.3) (Unit: mm), width of body 4.7-4.9 (4.7), length of head 4.7-4.9 (4.8), length of caudal pe-

duncle 6.5-6.8 (6.7), depth of caudal peduncle 13.7-15.0 (14.2). Depth of head in its length 1.6-2.0 (1.8), width of head 1.0-1.1 (1.0), length of snout 1.9-2.1 (2.0), diameter of eye 5.3-6.0 (5.7), width of interorbital space 2.1-2.2 (2.1). Depth of caudal peduncle in its length 2.0-2.5 (2.2). Width of mouth in width of head 3.1-4.2 (3.8).

Diagnosis. This new species is similar to P. bamaensis Tang and P. yunnanensis Li, Lu et Mao of the same genus by having small gill opening. But it can be distinguished from P. bamaensis by the following comparison: 1) the new species has no lower lip laminae, the latter has the structure; 2) the new species has lateral grooves behind rostral fold, the latter has no the structure; 3) the ventral fin ray of the new species is i-15-17 vs. i-12-13 of the latter.

The new species can be distinguished from P. yunnanensis by the following comparison: 1) the new species has lateral grooves behind rostral fold, the latter has no the structure; 2) the pectoral fin ray of the new species is i-19-22 vs. i-26 of the latter; 3) the ventral fin ray of the new species is i-15-17 vs. i-20 of the latter.

Key words Cypriniformes, Homalopteridae, Paraprotomyzon, new species.